Benchmark is to spend at least 50% of Shared Athletics Revenue Distributions on Target Areas (C.A.R.E. 50% Benchmark)

If Column B divided by Column A is less than 50% (Column C), spending would require change (Column D).

*Data are based on a three-year average using 2017, 2018, & 2019 fiscal years

**Median institution determined by its C.A.R.E. 50% Benchmark

	Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D
Type of Institution	3-year Average of the Total Amount of Shared Athletics Revenue Distributions received by the median institution	3-year Average of the Total Amount spent on the target areas of Athlete Scholarships/Educational Benefits, Athlete Medical, Athlete Meals, and/or University Academics by the median institution	C.A.R.E. 50% Benchmark (Median Percentage of Shared Athletics Revenue Distributions spent on the target areas of Athlete Scholarships / Educational Benefits, Athlete Medical, Athlete Meals, and/or University Academics)	Total Amount the median institution must reallocate and spend on athletecentric areas to meet the C.A.R.E. 50% Benchmark
Median Power 5 public institution that <u>does not</u> meet requirement [N=42]	\$53,738,452	\$19,421,293	36%	\$7,447,933
Median Power 5 public institution that meets requirement* (N=10)	\$52,803,449	\$32,014,439	61%	\$0
Median Group of 5 public institution* (N=55)	\$3,192,491	\$6,946,841	218%	\$0
Median Football Championship Subdivision public institution* (N=77)	\$669,410	\$3,350,295	501%	\$0
Median Division I institution no football* (N=44)	\$688,678	\$3,593,852	522%	\$0

^{*}All public institutions in these classifications meet the requirement using these data.

N = the number of public institutions in each specific category.

Data source: Knight-Newhouse College Athletics Database, using data reported by institutions on NCAA Financial Reports. (knightnewhousedata.org)
Only public institutions with data for all years and with no extreme data anomolies are considered in the summary analysis.